

## Official Conformation

**General Appearance:** Of strong and harmonious construction, power appearance. The preferred subjects are those with lean limbs, well-developed muscles, well-defined lines with a markedly sculpted head and a very obvious lower orbital chiseling, elements which all contribute to give distinction to this breed.

**Important Proportions:** Length of the body is the same or a little more than the height at the withers. Length of head is equal to four-tenths of the height at the withers, its width, measured at the level of the zygomatic arches, is less than half its length. Skull and muzzle are of equal length.

**Behavior and Temperament:** Tough and adapted to all types of hunting, reliable, endowed with an excellent ability to understand, docile and easy to train.

**Head:** Angular and narrow at the level of the zygomatic arches, its length corresponds to four-tenths of the height at the withers; the middle of its length is at the level of a line which unites the inner angles of both eyes; the upper longitudinal axes of the skull and muzzle are divergent, i.e.: if extended, the top line of the muzzle emerges in front of the occipital protuberance, ideally at mid-length of the skull.

**Skull Region:** Seen in profile, the skull shape is a very open arch. Seen from the top, it forms lengthwise an elongated ellipse. The width of the skull, measured at the level of the zygomatic arches should not exceed half the length of the head. Cheeks are lean, the bulge of the forehead and the supra-orbital ridges are perceptible, whereas the stop is not pronounced. The front groove is visible and ends at mid-length of the skull. The inter-parietal crest is short and not very prominent. The occipital protuberance is pronounced.

### **Facial Region:**

**Nose:** Voluminous, with large well-opened nostrils, protrudes slightly over the lips with which it forms an angle. Color brown or from pale pink to more or less deep fleshy red depending on the color of the coat.

**Muzzle:** Foreface either straight or slightly arched. Its length is equal to half of the length of the head and its depth measures four-fifths of its length. Seen from the front, the lateral sides of the muzzle converge slightly, still presenting a foreface of good width. The chin not very apparent.

**Lips:** Upper lips well developed, thin and floppy without being flaccid, covering the jaw; seen in profile, they overlap the lower jaw slightly, seen from the front, they form an inverted "V" below the nose; the corner of the lips must be marked without being droopy.

**Teeth:** Dental arches well adapted, with the teeth square to the jaw. Scissor bite. Pincer bite is also acceptable.

**Eyes** Semi-lateral position with a soft and submissive expression neither deep set nor prominent. Eyes fairly large, eyelids oval-shaped and close-fitting (no entropion or ectropion). The iris is of a more or less dark ochre or brown color depending on the color of the coat.

**Ears:** Well developed, in length they should, without being stretched, reach the tip of the nose. Their width is at least equal to half their length; raised only very slightly; base rather narrow, set rather backwards at level of zygomatic arches; a supple ear with a front rim well-turned inwards and really close to the cheek is appreciated; the lower extremity of the ear ends in a slightly rounded tip.

**Neck:** Powerful, in truncated cone shape, length not less than two-thirds of the length of the head, well detached from the nape. The throat shows a soft double dewlap.

#### **BODY:**

**Top-line:** The upper profile of the back is made up of two lines: one, almost straight, slopes from the withers to the 11th dorsal vertebrae; the other is slightly arched, joining with the line of the rump.

**Withers:** Well defined, with the points of the shoulder blades well separated. **Loin:** Wide lumbar region, muscled, short and slightly convex.

**Rump:** Long (about one-third of the height at the withers), broad and well-muscled; the pelvic angulation (angle formed by the pelvic girdle with a horizontal line) is 30\*. Pelvis wide.

**Chest:** Broad, deep and well down to level of elbows, without forming a heel, with well sprung ribs, particularly in their lower part, and sloping.

**Underline:** Lower profile almost horizontal in its rib cage part, rising slightly in its abdominal part.

**Tail:** Docked: thick at the base, straight, with a slight tendency to taper, hair short. When the dog is in action and especially when questing, is carried horizontally or nearly. Should be docked at 15-25cm from the root.

Undocked: Carried horizontally. May be slightly curved but never held high or carried bent over the back.

#### **LIMBS:**

**Forequarters:** Shoulder strong, well-muscled, long and sloping, very free in its movement; the upper arm sloping, fitting to the rib cage; forearm strong, straight, with strong and well-marked sinews; the point of the elbows should be on a perpendicular line from the rear point of the shoulder blade to the ground; metacarpus (pasterns) well proportioned, lean, of good length and slightly sloping; feet strong, slightly oval shaped, well arched and closed toes with strong nails well curved towards the ground. Color of nails is white, yellow or brown, of a more or less dark shade depending on the color of the coat: pads elastic and lean.

**Hindquarters:** Thigh long, parallel, muscular, with a rear edge almost straight; strong limbs; hocks wide, metatarsals relatively short and lean. The feet, with all the characteristics of the front feet have dewclaws, the absence of which is not a fault. Double dewclaws are tolerated.

**Gait/Movement:** Extended and fast trot, with powerful impulsion from the hindquarters; head raised, nose held high in such a way that, when hunting, the nose is higher than the top-line.

**Skin:** Tough but elastic; fine on the head, the throat, inside the elbows and on lower part of the body. The visible mucous membranes must be a corresponding color with the coat, but never show black spots. The mucous membranes of the mouth are pink; in the roans or white and chestnut colored dogs they sometimes show brown or light chestnut spotting.

**Coat:**

**Type of Hair:** Short, dense and glossy, fine and shorter on the head, the ears, front part of the legs and feet.

**Color of Coat:** White; white with markings of varied size or an orange or more or less dark amber color, white with more or less large chestnut markings; white with pale orange (speckled); white mottled with chestnut (roan-chestnut); in this last combination, a metallic sheen is appreciated, and a warm shade of chestnut is preferred, recalling the color of a monk's tunic. A symmetrical facial mask is preferred but the absence of a mask is tolerated.

**Size and Weight:** Height at the withers between 55-67cm. Preferred size for males: 58-67cm; preferred size for females: 55-62 cm. Weight between 25-40kg, depending on height.

**Faults:** Any departure from the foregoing constitutes a fault which when judging must be penalized according to its seriousness and its extension.

**Elimination Faults:** Accentuated prognathism. Size 2cm above or below limits indicated in the standard.

**Disqualifying Faults:** Split nose; convergence of cranial-facial axes; wall eye; upper prognathism; absence of pigmentation (albinism); black coat; white and black; tricolor; fawn; hazel color unicolor, with tan markings, mucous membranes, skin and annexes with traces of black.

**NB:** Males should have two apparently normal testicles fully descended into the scrotum.